

# USE OF APPROPRIATE PREPOSITIONS

## All Boards at a Glance

Abide by (মনে চলা): Everybody should abide by the rules of the state.  
Abstain from (বিরত থাকা): We must abstain from bad habits.  
According to (অনুযায়ী): Cut your coat according to your cloth.  
Accustomed to (অভ্যস্ত): He is accustomed to rise earlier.  
Ache for (আকুল): My heart aches for you.  
Acquaint with (পরিচিত): I am not acquainted with the gentleman.  
Add to (বৃদ্ধি করা/যোজন করা): My flower garden adds beauty to our house.  
Addiction to (মন্দ কাজের আসক্তি): I don't have any addiction to smoking.  
Adhere to (নীতি ধরা): One must adhere to one's ideology.  
Adjust to (খাপ খাওয়ানো): I have gradually adjusted myself to town life.  
Admit into/to (ভর্তি করান): He was admitted into/To Notre Dame College.  
Agree to (কোনো প্রস্তাবে রাজি হওয়া): He agreed to my proposal.  
All on a sudden (হঠাৎ): All on a sudden they burst into tears.  
All over (সর্বত্র): Every year millions of people all over the world die as a result of pollution.  
Allotted to (বরাদ্দ): The profit was allotted to the directors.  
Along with (কোনো কিছু/কাউকে সঙ্গে): We have bought some native fruits along with grapes.  
Anxious about/at/for (চিন্তিত/উৎসুক): The mother is always anxious about her son's result.  
Apply for (কোনো কিছু জন্য আবেদন করা): Mr. Khan applied for the post of lecturer.  
Appoint to (কোনো কাজে): The chairman appointed the boy to the post of a clerk.  
Arrive at (কোনো স্থানে): They arrived at cold grey sea.  
Ask for (কোনো কিছু/কোনো কিছুর জন্য চাওয়া): He never asks for anything to me.  
Associated with (জড়িত): Mobile phone is closely associated with network.  
Attentive to (মনোযোগী): Be attentive to your studies.  
Authority on (কোনো বিশেষ ক্ষেত্রে): He has authority on criminal law.  
Averse to (বিমুখ): He is not averse to any hard work.  
Aware of (অবগত): You should be aware of your responsibility.  
Based on (ভিত্তি পর নির্ভরশীল): The idea is based on his previous experience.

Be used to (অভ্যস্ত): He is used to hard work.  
Be responsible for (দায়ী): Poverty is responsible for his debt.  
Belong to (কোনো কিছুর অন্তর্ভুক্ত হওয়া): The book belongs to me.  
Beset with (ঘেরা): Vatican City is beset with Italy.  
Boast of (দস্ত করা): Don't boast of your knowledge.  
Boastful of (দস্তোক্তি করা): He is not boastful of his talent.  
Blow out (নিভিয়ে দেয়া): He blew out the lamp.  
Break down (ভেঙে পড়া): The old bridge over the canal broke down last night.  
Bring about (ঘটিত হওয়া): The unfortunate deaths are brought about by road accident.  
Burn down (পুড়ে ছাই হওয়া): The house was burnt down.  
Burst into (কান্নায় ভেঙে পড়া): The poor lady burst into tears.  
By dint of (কোনো কিছুর মাধ্যমে): He became successful by dint of hard labour.  
By rote (মুখস্থ): We should not learn things by rote.  
Carry out/on (চালিয়ে যাওয়া/টেকসই করা): The smugglers carry on/out drug business freely.  
Care about (কোনো কিছু নিয়ে): Nobody cares about the broken bridge.  
Catch sight of (দেখা): I caught sight of her luxurious car.  
Clean up (পরিষ্কার করে ফেলা): We should clean up the environment.  
Clog up (প্রতিবন্ধক সৃষ্টি করা): Traffic jam clogs up city streets.  
Cling to (লেগে থাকা): The passengers are clinging themselves to holding the iron stick.  
Come round (আবার আগমন): I hope, you will come round soon.  
Communicate with (যোগাযোগ করা): You should communicate the problem with your father.  
Comply with (সম্মত হওয়া): He has complied with us.  
Concentrate in/on (মনোনিবেশ করা): She never concentrates in/on his study.  
Confine in/within (আবদ্ধ): He does not confine himself in/within the traditional studies.  
Confined to (সীমাবদ্ধ থাকা): Education is not confined to schools, colleges and universities only.  
Congratulate on (অভিনন্দন জানানো): Let me congratulate you on your success.  
Conscious of (সচেতন): He is never conscious of his future life.  
Consistent with (সঙ্গতিপূর্ণ): Your words are not consistent with your deeds.  
Content with (সন্তুষ্ট): I am content with a little.

Contribute to (অবদান রাখা): The fund contributed a lot to the flood-affected people.  
Cure of (সুস্থ করা): Oral saline cures of/introduce diseases.  
Deprive of (বঞ্চিত করা): His involvement in the case deprived him of his property.  
Difficult for (কষ্টকর): It is often difficult for us to reach the goal.  
Dependent on (নির্ভরশীল): The poor family are dependent on him.  
Desire for (ইচ্ছা): My father had no desire for wealth.  
Devoid of (বিচ্ছিন্ন): His is devoid of honesty.  
Died for (ত্যাগ করা): A greater number of freedom fighters died for the motherland.  
Died in (মৃত্যু): A great number of heroic sons of our country died in the war of 1971.  
□ Died of (মৃত্যু): He died of cancer.  
Different from (পৃথক): This book is different from that one.  
Endowed with (প্রতিভা): He is endowed with many noble qualities.  
Essential for (অত্যাৱশ্যক): Pure water is essential for your life.  
Fall down (পড়া): Something fell down out of our everyday life.  
Fall short of (প্রত্যাশার চেয়ে কম): Many young men and women are falling short of drug addiction.  
Fight against (সংগ্রাম): Our freedom fighters fought against the oppression of the West.  
Go through (পড়াশোনা): We should go through English newspapers to increase our efficiency.  
□ Full of (পূর্ণ): A large garden of various tropical plants goes with the house.  
□ Hanker after (লোভ করা): We should not hanker after momentary pleasure.  
Important for (গুরুত্বপূর্ণ): Trade is very important for us.  
□ In charge of (দায়ী): What happened to your car last night?  
In honor of (সম্মানার্থে): He stood in honor of the island nation of Japan.  
In place of (পরিবর্তে): He was in charge of solving the case.  
In reply to (উত্তরে): His name has been included in the long run.  
Inclined to (আসক্তি): My grandfather is inclined to this family.  
Indifferent to (উদাসীন): This student is indifferent in the boy.  
Interested in (আগ্রহী): He is interested in acquiring knowledge.  
Keep off (এড়িয়ে থাকা): Students should keep off doing the lecture.  
Knock at (কোনো জায়গায় কড়া নাড়া): He tries to knock at your room.  
Look at (দেখা): He likes to look at his favorite team.  
Like (পছন্দ): The girl looks at things keenly.

Listen to (শুনা): The river Buriganga lost its link with the Ganges and got the name Buriganga.  
Know about (জানার আগ্রহ): I want to know about vacations.  
Looking at (চেয়ে দেখা): He likes to keep looking at the door.  
Listen to (শুনুন): Listen to what I say.  
Long for (কোনো কিছুর আকাঙ্ক্ষা): He never longs for money.  
Look at (তাকানো): Look at the picture.  
Look down upon (অবজ্ঞা করা): He never looked down upon a Bangalee gentleman.  
Look forward to (অপেক্ষা করা): I look forward to hearing from you.  
Make up (গঠন করা/ক্ষতিপূরণ করা): He made up his mind.  
Married to (বিবাহ): She is married to a rich man.  
Opposed to (বিরোধিতা): Socrates added death for their leader.  
Pertaining to (সম্পর্কিত): I have questions pertaining to his first point.  
Popular with (জনপ্রিয়): The teacher is popular with the students.  
Preside over (সভাপতিত্ব করা): He presided over the meeting.  
Proud of (গর্বিত): We are really proud of you.  
Prejudicial to (ক্ষতিকর): Smoking is prejudicial to health.  
Protect from (রক্ষা করা): You should protect yourself from dangers.  
Provided with (সুবিধা দেওয়া): He is provided with all modern facilities.  
Related to (সম্পর্কিত): Can you relate me to the topic?  
Relieved of (ত্রাণপ্রাপ্ত): He is relieved of his responsibilities.  
Respectful to (শ্রদ্ধাশীল): He is respectful to his teachers.  
Result in (ফলাফল): The drought resulted in a lot of problems.  
Stretch out (বিস্তৃত করা): In juniors, arms stretch out with their hands to grasp the beautiful thing.  
Sink into (ডুবে যাওয়া): Smoking souls down our longevity.  
Satisfied with (সন্তুষ্ট): He was satisfied with his performance.  
Succeed in (সফল হওয়া): His son succeeded in life.  
So on (ইত্যাদি): The combination doesn't sink into oblivion.  
Take care of (যত্ন নেওয়া): You should take care of your health.  
Take no notice of (অবজ্ঞা করা): He took no notice of their lethargy.  
Talk about/over (আলোচনা করা): He talked to the principal over the matter.  
Useful to (উপকারী): The candles are useful to the people of a desert.  
Used to (অভ্যস্ত): He is used to such behavior.

Wash up (পরিষ্কার করা): He was responsible for an extensive effect.

Wonder at (অবাক হওয়া): He wonders at the steady behavior.

Zest for (আগ্রহ): I have no zest for music.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### A

Abhorrence of (ঘৃণা): Don't you have any abhorrence of bribe?

Abhorrent to (ঘৃণিত): It is abhorrent to me.

Abide in (থাকা করা): They abide in London.

Abound with (পূর্ণ থাকা): This pond abounds with fishes.

Abstain from (বিরত থাকা): You should abstain from telling lies.

Absent from (অনুপস্থিত): He has been absent from school for 3 days.

Absorbed in (লগ্ন): She was absorbed in deep thinking.

Accuse of (অভিযুক্ত করা): He is accused of gambling.

Account to (কারো কাছে কৈফিয়ত দেওয়া): You are to account to your superior.

Account for (কোনো বিষয়ের কৈফিয়ত দেওয়া): We must account for our wrong deeds to Allah.

Acquit of (মুক্তি প্রদান দেওয়া): The police has been acquitted of the charge of corruption.

Access to (প্রবেশাধিক): We have easy access to the principal.

Accomplished in (দক্ষ): He was not accomplished in tailoring.

Accountable to (কারো কাছে কোনো কিছু জন্য দায়ী): We are accountable to our future generation.

Accompanied by (সঙ্গে নিয়ে): He was accompanied by his wife.

Adapted from (উদ্ভীর্ণ): The poem is adapted from Nazrul's Agni Bina.

Adequate to (পর্যাপ্ত): This will not be adequate to our demand.

Adjacent to (সংলগ্ন): The mosque is adjacent to the school building.

Afraid of (ভীত): We are not afraid of war.

Affectionate to (স্নেহময়): The boy was affectionate to all.

Affection for (স্নেহ): We have affection for the little orphan.

Agreeable to (গ্রহণযোগ্য): This was not agreeable to him.

Agree with (কারো সহমত হওয়া): He agreed with his colleagues.

Agree on (কোনো বিষয়ে বিশেষ করে মতৈক্য হওয়া): I cannot agree with you on this point.

Alarmed at (আতঙ্কিত): You need not be alarmed at this.

Alien to (বিচ্ছিন্ন): He is here alien to everybody.

Amazed at (এবং বিভূক্ত): The teacher was amazed at the intelligence of the boy.

Ambition for (উচ্চাকাঙ্ক্ষা): You should have ambition for higher degree.

Ambitious of (উচ্চাভিলাষী): They are ambitious of fame.

Aim at (লক্ষ্য করা): He aimed his pistol at the thief.

Answer for (কারো কাছে তার অপরাধের কৈফিয়ত দেওয়া): You will have to answer for your deed one day.

Angry with (কারো জন্য রাগান্বিত হওয়া): Don't be angry with your mother.

Annoyed with (কারো প্রতি বিরক্ত হওয়া): He was annoyed with his sons.

Apply to (কারো কাছে আবেদন করা): We have applied to the Headmaster.

Apply to (প্রযোজ্য হওয়া): The new technology was applied to agriculture.

Appear to (এটা প্রকাশ হওয়া): It appears to me that he is not honest.

Appear before (উপস্থিত হওয়া): The criminal appeared before the judge.

Appear in (প্রকাশিত হওয়া): The result will appear in the newspaper.

Approve of (অনুমোদন করা): The director has approved of our project.

Appeal to (কারো কাছে আবেদন): They appealed to the principal.

Appeal against (কোনো রায়ের বিরুদ্ধে পুনর্বিচার আবেদন করা): They appealed against the verdict.

Apologise to (কারো কাছে দুঃখ চাওয়া): The students have apologised to the teacher.

Apologise for (কোনো বিশেষ অপরাধে দুঃখ চাওয়া): He has apologised for his past deeds.

Apology for (ক্ষমা প্রার্থনা): He does not have any apology for his rude behaviour.

Appetite for (ক্ষুধা): I have lost my appetite for food.

Appropriate to (উপযুক্ত): This example is not appropriate to this issue.

Argue with (বিতর্ক করা): Don't argue with me.

Aspire after (আকাঙ্ক্ষা করা): She always aspires after money.

Ashamed of (লজ্জিত): I was ashamed of my behaviour.

Assure of (বিশ্বাস করানো): I can assure you of his success.

Astonished at (অবাক): They became astonished at his behaviour.

Attach to (সংযুক্ত): He has attached all the documents to the proposal.

Atone for (পাপের প্রায়শ্চিত্ত করা): The sinner will atone for his/her sin.

Attend on (সেবা করা): The nurse attends on the patients.

Attend to (মনোযোগ দেওয়া): You should attend to your teacher.

Authority over (কর্তৃত্ব): He has authority over the students.  
Aversion to (বিরক্তি): Don't show your aversion to the boy.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### B

Bar of (বাধা): Literacy is the bar of development.  
Bask in (রোদ পোহানো): The people basked in the sun.  
Bark at (কুকুরের ঘেউ ঘেউ করা): The dog barks at the strangers.  
Beg of (অনুন্নয় বিনয় করা): I beg of you not to take any risk.  
Beg for (ভিক্ষা চাওয়া): He is begging for alms.  
Blind of (দৃষ্টি): He is blind of his thought.  
Blind to (কানাকোনা): This mother is blind to her son's activities.  
Born in (কোনো স্থানে জন্ম হওয়া): He was born in a poor family.  
Born to (কারো সন্তান হয়ে জন্মানো): Twin baby was born to the poor lady.  
Born of (কোনো পরিবারে জন্ম): He was born of a middle-class family.  
Burst out (হঠাৎ করে হাসি/ক্রোধ): They burst out in joy.  
Beware of (সতরক থাকা): Always beware of dogs.  
Believe in (বিশ্বাস করা): I believe in the supremacy of Almighty.  
Bereft of (বঞ্চিত): They are bereft of education.  
Bound for (কোনো স্থানের দিকে যাত্রা করা): They are bound for Chittagong.  
Borrow from (ধার করা): I have borrowed the books from him.  
Burdened with (ভারাক্রান্ত): Mr. Hasan is burdened with a large family.  
Busy with (ব্যস্ত): He is busy with his work.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### C

Care for (যত্ন নেওয়া): You should care for your parents.  
Cause of (কারণ): This is not the cause of his failure.  
Cause for (রাগ, উদ্বেগের কারণ): There is no cause for his suspension.  
Cautious of (সতর্ক): He is always cautious of his son's progress.  
Caution against (সতর্কবাণী): You should take proper caution against your enemy.  
Capable of (সক্ষম): He is capable of helping you.  
Callous to (অমানবিক): She is callous to her daughters.

Capacity for (ক্ষমতা): He has no capacity for making it successful.  
Certain of (নিশ্চিত): She was certain of getting a job.  
Charge on (অভিযুক্ত করা): The criminal was charged on the murder.  
Charge against (কারো বিরুদ্ধে অভিযোগ): The authority brought two charges against Socrates.  
Characterised by (চরিত্রায়িত হওয়া): The novels of Jane Austin were characterised by realism.  
Clear of (মুক্ত): You should be clear of your debts.  
Close to (নিকটে): He was very close to me.  
Clue to (সূত্র): It may be a clue to this investigation.  
Clothed with (সজ্জিত): Clothed with costly silk she came to the stage.  
Clothed in (পোশাক পরিধান): She was clothed in an Indian sari.  
Compare with (কোনো পার্থক্য নির্ণয় করা): He cannot be compared with his brother.  
Compare to (সাদৃশ্য বা তুলনা করা): Life is compared to the morning dews.  
Communicate to (কারো কাছে জানানো): Have you communicated this news to your father?  
Comment on (মন্তব্য করা): Don't try to comment on this issue.  
Commit to (অর্পণ করা): He has committed the poem to memory.  
Common to (সাধারণ): It is common to all.  
Commence on (শুরু হওয়া): The examination commences on the 10th of August.  
Competent for (যোগ্য): He is competent for the post.  
Compete with (প্রতিযোগিতা করা): I shall compete with others for the post.  
Complain against (অভিযোগ করা): He has complained against the boy.  
Composed of (গঠিত): It is composed of water and sugar.  
Compensate for (ক্ষতিপূরণ করা): You are to compensate for delay.  
Coincide with (মিল রাখা): His idea coincides with mine.  
Confide in (বিশ্বাস করা): You may confide in his sincerity.  
Confide to (বিশ্বাস করে বলা): She has confided her secret to her friend.  
Condemn to (বিচারে দোষী সাব্যস্ত করা): The man was condemned to death for killing.  
Confined to (বদ্ধ থাকা): His father was confined to the hospital bed for seven days.  
Concerned for (উদ্বিগ্ন): He is always concerned for his child's health.  
Conceive of (ভাবা): I cannot conceive of any fault in him.  
Conducive to (উপযোগী): This China milk powder is not conducive to health.

Condole with/on (সমবেদনা প্রকাশ করা): I condole with him on his father's death.  
Confess to (স্বীকার করা): He has confessed to his guilt.  
Confident of (আত্মবিশ্বাসী): He was confident of his success.  
Consist of (গঠিত): The team consists of eleven players.  
Consist in (অস্তিত্ব থাকা): Happiness consists in honest life.  
Contrast with (বৈপরীত্য দেখা): He shows contrast Kazi Nazrul Islam with P.B. Shelley.  
Contrast to (বৈপরীত্য): Your action is contrasted to your commitment.  
Conversant with (পরিচিত, অভিজ্ঞ): The director is conversant with all the problems.  
Converse with (আলাপ-আলোচনা করা): Converse with him regarding the matter.  
Contrary to (বিরুদ্ধ): It is contrary to his ideas.  
Confuse with (বিভ্রান্ত করা): He has confused politics with ideas.  
Control of/over (নিয়ন্ত্রণ): He has no control over his family.  
Congenial to (উপযোগী): The climate is congenial to our health.  
Conceal from (লুকানো): You should not conceal it from your mother.  
Consideration for (বিবেচনা): He has a consideration for this little baby.  
Contemporary of/with (সমসাময়িক): Shakespeare was contemporary of Marlowe.  
Contend with (প্রতিযোগিতা করা): He contended with his brother.  
Convict of (অপরাধী বলে গণ্য করা): The killer was convicted of murder.  
Convinced of (নিশ্চিত হওয়া): The manager was convinced of his loyalty.  
Converted to (ধর্মান্তরিত হওয়া): She was converted to Muslim.  
Cope with (মোকাবেলা করা): He could not cope with this new situation.  
Credit to (ঋণ করা): Credit the money to my account.  
Crave for/after (ব্যাকুল হওয়া): He always craves for money.  
Crowned with (সাফল্যে শীর্ষে): Our efforts were crowned with success.  
Correspond with/about (চিঠিপত্র আদানপ্রদান করা): He always corresponds with me.  
Count for (বিবেচিত হওয়া): Your advice counts for nothing to your students.  
Covetous of (লোভী): He is covetous of vast riches.  
Cure of (আলোয়া হওয়া): The patient is fully cured of his disease.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### D

Deal with (ব্যবহার করা): He did not deal properly with me.  
Deal in (ব্যবসা করা): He deals in cosmetics items.

Deaf to (শোনা করা বা এড়ানো): He is deaf to my request.  
Decide against (বিরুদ্ধ সিদ্ধান্ত নেওয়া): He decided against his brother.  
Decide upon (স্থির করা): He could not decide upon his programme.  
Dedicate to (উৎসর্গ করা): The writer has dedicated the book to his parents.  
Deficient in (অ): The candidate was deficient in English.  
Defend against (বিদেশি শত্রু থেকে রক্ষা): We should defend our motherland against foreign attack.  
Defend from (রক্ষা করা): We should defend ourselves from evil temptation.  
Deliver to (দেয়া): He has delivered the lecture to the students.  
Delete from (বাদ দেয়া): Your name is deleted from the list.  
Delight in (প্ৰীতি): She finds delight in music.  
Demand from/of (দাবি করা): He demanded the amount from the manager.  
Deprived of (বঞ্চিত): They were deprived of higher education.  
Depend on/upon (নির্ভর করা): I cannot depend upon his words.  
Destined for (নির্ধারিত হওয়া): We are destined to face such a situation.  
Destructive to (ধ্বংসাত্মক): Drug is destructive to health.  
Destitute of (শূন্য): The old lady is destitute of wealth.  
Deserving of (যোগ্য): His sincerity is deserving of praise.  
Despair of (হতাশ হওয়া): He is despaired of success.  
Desirous of (কামনা করা): We are desirous of wealth.  
Descend from (বংশধর হওয়া): I have descended from a noble family.  
Determined on (নিশ্চিত হওয়া): He was determined on doing it.  
Detrimental to (ক্ষতিকর): Smoking is detrimental to health.  
Detach from (বিচ্ছিন্ন): He is detached from his family.  
Devote to (নিবেদিত করা): I have devoted all my power to it.  
Deviate from (বিচ্যুত হওয়া): He deviates himself from the right path.  
Die by (আত্মহত্যা বা দুর্ঘটনায় মারা যাওয়া): The lady died by suicide.  
Die of (রোগে বা ক্ষুধায় মারা যাওয়া): His father died of cancer.  
Diffident of/about (আত্মবিশ্বাসহীন): You are always diffident of/about your success.  
Differ from (একটি অন্যটির থেকে পার্থক্য করা): This pen differs from that one.  
Differ with (কিছু বিষয়ে মতের অমিল): The members of the club differ with me on this issue.  
Disgusted with/at (বিরক্ত): She was disgusted with him.  
Disgrace to (লজ্জা): A wicked boy is disgrace to his family.

Dislike to/for (অপছন্দ): He has dislike to this job.  
Dispute with/about/on (তর্ক করা): There is nobody to dispute with the chairman on the matter.  
Displeased with (অপছন্দ): The teacher was displeased with him.  
Dispose of (সাপ করে ফেলা): You should dispose of the file.  
Disqualified for (অযোগ্য): He is disqualified for the post.  
Dissimilar to (অসম): This book is dissimilar to that.  
Distrust of (অবিশ্বাস): The wife has no distrust of her husband.  
Distinguish between (একটি অন্যটি থেকে পার্থক্য করা): He distinguished this one between two pictures.  
Distinguish from (এক নির্দিষ্ট বস্তু অন্য জিনিসের থেকে আলাদা করা): He distinguished the good from the bad.  
Dwell in (বাস করা): He dwells in Dhaka.  
Dwell upon (গভীরভাবে বলা): The businessman dwells upon the market price.  
Dull at (কাঁচা): He is dull at mathematics.  
Dull of (কান্নায়ুক্ত): The lady was dull of hearing.  
Divide into (ভাগ করা): They divided the money into two halves.  
Divert from (পথ পরিবর্তন করানো): He diverted his son from the evil path.  
Due to (কারণে): The prize that he received was due to his sincerity.  
Duty to (কর্তব্য): You should do your duty to your neighbours.  
Doubt about/of (সন্দেহ): There is no doubt about his involvement.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### E

Eager for (উৎসুক): The students were eager for their result.  
Earnest in (অবিরাম): You should be earnest in your duties.  
Enveloped in (আবৃত): The house is enveloped in green trees.  
Engaged in (নিয়োজিত থাকা): He was engaged in reading the Quran.  
Engaged to (বিবাহিত): She is engaged to an engineer.  
Eligible for (যোগ্য): He is quite eligible for the post.  
Enlist in (তালিকাভুক্ত করা): His name was enlisted in the team.  
Envy at (কোনো কিছুর প্রতি): He has no envy at my progress.  
Envious of (পূর্বসুখী): She is envious of your success.  
Enter into (ভিতরে প্রবেশ করা): The thief entered into the house.

Emerge from (নির্গত হওয়া): Women emerged from the four walls.  
Enquire of/about (জিজ্ঞাসা করা): He enquired of his result.  
Equal in/with (সমান): You are not equal in rank with him.  
Expert at (গুণ): The boy is expert at painting.  
Expert in (দক্ষতা): He is an expert in art and music.  
Exclude from (তালিকা থেকে বাদ দেওয়া): Your name has been excluded from the list.  
Excuse for (ক্ষমা): There is no excuse for such behavior.  
Excuse from (মুক্তি): He was excused from his guilt.  
Exclusive of (বাদ দিয়ে): The price of the car is twelve lakh taka **exclusive of** vat.  
Exception to (ব্যতিক্রম): There is no **exception to** this incident.  
Excel in (পটু হওয়া): He **excels in** speaking English.  
Expose to (প্রকাশ করা): Milk was **exposed to** everybody.  
Experience in (অভিজ্ঞ): He has vast **experience in** this field.  
Expect from (আশা করা): He **expected a lot from** you.  
Exhausted with (ক্লান্ত): We are **exhausted with** your behavior.  
Exile from (নির্বাসিত করা): He has been **exiled from** his country.  
Exempt from (মুক্ত/মওকুফ পাওয়া): He has been **exempted from** his punishment.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### F

False to (অসত্য): The woman is **false to** her husband.  
Failure of (ব্যর্থতা): **Failure of** is the pillar of success.  
Faithful to (বিশ্বস্ত): The servant is **faithful to** his master.  
Faith with (বিশ্বাস): You have broken **faith with** him.  
Faith in (বিশ্বাস): I have **faith in** Allah.  
Famous for (বিখ্যাত): Dhaka was **famous for** Muslin.  
Favour of (পক্ষে): He gave his report **in favour of** me.  
Favourable for (অনুকূল): The climate was **favourable for** jute cultivation.  
Familiar with (পরিচিত): He was not **familiar with** me.  
Feed on (মুখে দেয়া): We **feed on** rice.  
Fear for (আতঙ্ক করা): You should **fear for** difficult life.

Fear of (ভয় ভীতি): There is **fear of** tiger in Sundarbans.  
Fond of (প্রিয়): We are **fond of** rice.  
Fondness of (প্ৰীতি): He has **fondness of** Biriani.  
Forgetful of (ভুলে যাওয়া): We are **forgetful of** our past.  
Foreign to (অপরিচিত): Everything he said is **foreign to** me.  
Fix to (স্থির করা): **Fix to** the picture to the wall.  
Fit for (উপযুক্ত): She was **fit for** this drama.  
Fire at/into/upon (গুলি করা): He **fired at** the tiger.  
Fire away at (ধারাবাহিক গুলি করা): The soldiers are **firing away at** the enemy.  
Free of (মুক্ত): It is **free of** cost.  
Fruitful in (ফলপ্রসূ): They are **fruitful in** mineral resources.  
Frown in/at (ক্র কুঞ্চিত করা): She **frowned at** the boy.  
Furnish with (সজ্জিত): The room is **furnished with** luxurious furniture.  
Full of (পূর্ণ): The glass is **full of** wine.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### G

Glory in (গর্ব অনুভব করা): My family **glories in** my success.  
Glance at (তাকানো): She **glanced at** me.  
Glance over (চোখ বুলানো): I **glanced over** the story.  
Glimpse of (এক নজর দেখা): We have been waiting to have a **glimpse of** the lady.  
Glad of (খুশি): He was **glad of** my help.  
Good at (ভাল): He was **good at** swimming.  
Grasp at (আকড়ে ধরা): He **grasped at** the broken stick and fell on the ground.  
Grateful to/for (কৃতজ্ঞ): Be **grateful to** your father and mother for their kindness.  
Greedy of/after (লোভ): He is very **greedy of** wealth.  
Grieve at/for/about (দুঃখ করা): My parents **grieved at** my failure.  
Guilty of (দোষী): He was **guilty of** theft.  
Guess of (অনুমান করা): He failed to **guess of** the actual problem.  
Grudge against (হিংসা): I have no **grudge against** you.  
Guard from (পাহারা দেয়া): The dog **guards our house from** thief all day long.  
Guard against (প্রতিরক্ষা): You should **guard against** your enemy.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### H

**Hail from** (উদ্ভূত): He hailed from Dhaka.  
**Hatred of/for** (ঘৃণা): She has no hatred for him.  
**Heir of** (উত্তরাধিকারী): He has no heir of his vast property.  
**Heed to** (মনোযোগ দেওয়া): He does not pay heed to the teacher's advice.  
**Hesitate at** (ইতস্তত করা): We should not hesitate at the right thing.  
**Hit upon** (উপায় বা বিষয় জানা অথবা আবিষ্কার করা): They had hit upon a nice plan.  
**Hint at** (ইঙ্গিত করা): He hinted at the matter.  
**Hinder from** (বাধা দেয়া): He hinders me from helping her.  
**Hindrance to** (বাধা): Illness is a hindrance to success.  
**Hopeful of** (আশাবাদী): I was hopeful of his success.  
**Hope of** (আশা): He lost all hope of getting his lost son.  
**Hostile of** (বিরোধী): He was hostile of my progress.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### I

**Immersed in** (নিমজ্জিত): He has already immersed in debt.  
**Impose upon** (বাধ্য করা): We have imposed it upon him.  
**Impatient of** (অসহিষ্ণু): He became impatient of waiting for me.  
**Impress with** (সঙ্গত মুগ্ধ/প্রভাবিত করা): The teacher was very much impressed with his stern sense of duty.  
**Ill with** (রোগী): I am ill with cold.  
**Inclination to/for** (প্রবণতা, ঝোঁক): He has no inclination to watch TV.  
**Incentive to** (উৎসাহদায়ক): It becomes an incentive to the boy.  
**Indebted to** (ঋণী): I am indebted to my parents.  
**Indispensable to** (একান্ত প্রয়োজনীয়): It is indispensable to the organisation.  
**Independent of** (স্বাধীন): We are not independent of doing anything.  
**Inform of** (কোন কিছু সম্পর্কে জানানো): At first he informed me of the news.  
**Inform against** (কার বিরুদ্ধে অভিযোগ করা): They have informed against the principal.

**Influence over (প্রভাব):** The leader has no influence over his activities.  
**Influence on/upon (প্রভাব):** It does not have any influence on the boy.  
**Influenced by (প্রভাবিত):** He was influenced by his teacher.  
**Innocent of (নির্দোষ):** He is innocent of the charge.  
**Inspire with (প্রেরণা দেয়া):** He was inspired with the thought.  
**Insist on (জোর করা):** He insisted on my going there.  
**Intimate to (জানানো):** He has intimated it to everybody.  
**Intimate with (ঘনিষ্ঠ):** He became very much intimate with me.  
**Introduce to (পরিচয় করানো):** The teacher introduced me to the inspector.  
**Intrude upon (অনধিকার প্রবেশ করা):** He should not intrude upon our discussion.  
**Interfere with/in (অযথা হস্তক্ষেপ করা):** He always interferes with our personal affairs.  
**Irrespective of (নির্বিশেষে):** He thanked all irrespective of men and women.  
**Irrelevant to (অপ্রাসঙ্গিক):** The answer was irrelevant to the question.  
**Invest with (প্রদত্ত করা):** He has been invested with the new title.  
**Involve in (জড়িত):** He is not involved in this case.

### Some More Appropriate Preposition

#### J

**Join to/with (সংযুক্ত করা):** They were joined to each other.  
**Justification for (ন্যায্যতা):** There is no justification for his punishment.  
**Jealous of (ঈর্ষান্বিত):** He was jealous of my result.  
**Judge by (বিচার করা):** Do not judge by its appearance.  
**Jest at (ঠাট্টা করা):** We should not jest at the poor.  
**Jeer at (ঠাট্টা করা):** One should not jeer at the orphan.

### Some More Appropriate Preposition

#### K

**Kind to (দয়ালু):** He was very kind to the poor.  
**Key to (চাবিকাঠি):** Industry is the key to success.

### Some More Appropriate Preposition

#### L

**Lavish of (অমিতব্যয়ী):** Mr Khan is lavish of money.  
**Lack of (অভাব):** He has lack of knowledge.

**Lack in (অভাব থাকা):** He lacks in sincerity.  
**Laugh at (ঠাট্টা করা):** Don't laugh at the poor.  
**Lame of (পঙ্গু):** His father is lame of one leg.  
**Lament for (অপসূপাত করা):** He has lamented for his past behavior.  
**Look at (তাকানো):** He looks at the sky.  
**Level with (সমান করা):** The gulf of difference should be levelled with.  
**Liabale for (দায়ী):** He is liable for this crime.  
**Liabale to (অধিকারী):** The boy is liable to punishment.  
**Live in (বাস করা):** He lives in Khulna with his parents.  
**Live on (খাবার ধরণের উপর নির্ভর করা):** Cows live on grass.  
**Look for (খোঁজা/অনুসন্ধান করা):** He is looking for the book.  
**Liking for (পছন্দ):** I have no liking for band music.  
**Likeness to (সাদৃশ্য):** He has likeness to his brother.  
**Look over (পরীক্ষা করা):** He looks over the matter.  
**Lost in (মগ্ন):** He was lost in thought.

### Some More Appropriate Preposition

#### M

**Match for (তুল্য):** She has no match for Prema.  
**Meet with (দুঃখজনক ঘটনা):** The lady met with a dangerous shock.  
**Meditate on/upon (মনে চিন্তা করা):** He always meditates on his past.  
**Merge with (মিশিত হওয়া):** They have merged with the miscreants.  
**Mix with (মিশ্রিত বা হওয়া):** Don't mix with bad boys.  
**Mindful of (মনোযোগী):** They were not mindful of their duties.  
**Moved by (বিচলিত হওয়া):** He was moved by the accident.

### Some More Appropriate Preposition

#### N

**Natural to (স্বাভাবিক):** Death is natural to human being.  
**Need of (প্রয়োজন):** I am in need of some money.  
**Noted for (খ্যাত):** Nazrul Islam was noted for his rebel poems.  
**Necessity of (অপরিহার্য):** I feel the necessity of his help.  
**Necessity to (অপরিহার্য):** This paper has necessity to submit immediately.  
**Necessary for (দরকারি):** It is necessary for our health.

**Negligent in (অবহেলাপূর্ণ):** The student is negligent in his studies.  
**Neglectful of (অবহেলাপূর্ণ):** We should not be neglectful of our duties.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### O

**Objection to/against (আপত্তি করা):** He has no objection to this decision.  
**Object to (আপত্তি করা):** He has already objected to my proposal.  
**Oblivious of (ভুলে যাওয়া):** We are oblivious of our past.  
**Oblige to/for (বাধ্য):** He is obliged to me.  
**Obligatory to (বাধ্যতামূলক):** It is obligatory to every worker to be punctual.  
**Obstacle to (বাধা):** Illiteracy is an obstacle to success.  
**Observant of (পর্যবেক্ষক):** He is an observant of our feelings.  
**Occupied in (ব্যস্ত):** He is occupied in his personal affairs.  
**Occupied with (ব্যস্ত):** He is occupied with his business.  
**Offensive to (পীড়াদায়ক):** The news was offensive to me.  
**Offend against (লঙ্ঘন করা):** He offends against the rule.  
**Opposition to (বিরোধিতা):** They raised a strong opposition to the decision.  
**Open to (উন্মুক্ত):** The function was open to all.  
**Opportunity of (নির্বিশেষ):** He had an opportunity of going to Singapore.  
**Opportunity for (সুযোগ):** He missed the opportunity for getting a job.  
**Originate in/from (উৎপত্তি):** The crowd originated from the field.  
**Originate with/from (উৎপত্তি ঘটানো):** All the rivers originated from India.  
**Oust from (বিচছিন্ন করা):** He was ousted from the party.  
**Overwhelmed with (আবিষ্ট):** He was overwhelmed with this sentiment.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### P

**Part with (কোনো ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু ত্যাগ করা):** I could not part with him.  
**Part from (কোনো ব্যক্তি থেকে বিদায় হওয়া):** The boy parted from his parents.  
**Partiality to/for (পক্ষপাতিত্ব):** He should not give partiality for his brother.  
**Partial to (পক্ষপাতদুষ্ট):** He is never partial to his judgment.  
**Passion for (আকর্ষণ):** He has no passion for money.  
**Patience with (সহ্য):** I have lost all my patience with my friend.  
**Patient of (সহিষ্ণু):** He was patient of suffering.

**Permit of (সুযোগ বেরা):** His behavior permits of no excuse.  
**Play on (বাজানো):** I cannot play on the piano.  
**Play with (দল নিয়ে খেলা):** Don't play with the final match.  
**Play at (খেলা করা):** They were playing at football.  
**Plead for (বিনীত অনুরোধ করা):** He pleaded for a residence.  
**Plunged in (নিমজ্জিত):** She is plunged in deep love.  
**Ponder over (গভীরভাবে চিন্তা করা):** He was pondering over the new problem.  
**Possessed of (অধিকারী):** He is possessed of the vast property.  
**Preferable to (অধিক গ্রহণযোগ্য):** Milk is preferable to tea.  
**Prefer to (অধিক পছন্দ):** He prefers milk to tea.  
**Precaution against (সতর্কতা):** Take precaution against your enemy.  
**Prejudice against (পূর্ব-ধারণা):** He has prejudice against the boy.  
**Pretext for (ছুতো):** His illness is a pretext for his absence.  
**Pretend to (ভান করা):** He pretended to be honest.  
**Previous to (পূর্ববর্তী):** Previous to that, he was a teacher.  
**Prevent from (বাধা দেওয়া):** He prevented me from going there.  
**Prey to (শিকার হওয়া):** We should not be a prey to our emotions.  
**Profitable to (লাভজনক):** This business is profitable to him.  
**Profit by (লাভবান হওয়া):** He was profited by my help.  
**Proficient in (দক্ষ):** He is not proficient in English.  
**Pride in (গর্ব):** You should not take pride in your wealth.  
**Prohibit from (নিষেধ করা):** He always prohibits me from smoking.  
**Prompt in (তৎপর):** He was not prompt in this business.  
**Protect from (রক্ষা করা):** You should protect yourself from dangers.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### Q

**Quarrel about (কোনো বিষয়ে ঝগড়া করা):** They quarreled with each other about the shop.  
**Quarrel with (কারো সাথে ঝগড়া করা):** He always quarrels with his wife.  
**Qualified for (উপযুক্ত):** He is not qualified for the post.  
**Quick at (দ্রুত):** He is quick at his work.  
**Quote from (উদ্ধৃতি করা):** He quoted it from the Gitanjali.  
**Quick of (বুদ্ধি):** She is quick of understanding.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### R

- Reason with (যুক্তি করা):** You should not reason with your superior.
- Ready for (উদ্যত):** She is ready for getting married.
- Ready at (দক্ষ):** He is ready at driving cars.
- Rebel against (বিদ্রোহ করা):** They rebelled against the director.
- Recover from (আক্রান্ত রোগ থেকে সেরে ওঠা):** He has recovered from illness.
- Reduced to (অবনমন ঘটানো):** He is reduced to a petty clerk.
- Reflected upon (চিন্তা করা):** He reflected upon his past life.
- Refrain from (বিরত থাকা):** Try to refrain yourself from mixing with naughty boys.
- Refer to (প্রয়োগ করা):** The patient was referred to a specialist doctor.

### R

- Regard for (ভক্তি):** He has regard for his teachers.
- Relevant to (প্রাসঙ্গিক):** This example is not relevant to this situation.
- Remind of (মনে করিয়ে দেওয়া):** You need not remind him of his duties.
- Remarkable for (বিখ্যাত):** Tajmahal is remarkable for its magnificent beauty.
- Remedy for (উপশম):** Medical science could not discover any remedy for AIDS.
- Repentance for (অনুশোচনা):** He felt repentance for his past sin.
- Repent of (অনুশোচনা করা):** I repented of my sin.
- Replace by (প্রতিস্থাপন করা):** The bench was replaced by a new one.
- Requisite for (প্রয়োজনীয় জিনিস):** A mobile phone is requisite for maintaining communication.
- Respond to (জবাব দেওয়া):** Mother responds to her child's crying for milk.
- Responsible to (দায়ী):** We are responsible to our society.
- Respect for (ভক্তি):** He has respect for his superiors.
- Result from (ফলাফল হওয়া):** It resulted from his misbehavior.
- Result of (ফল):** This is the result of his negligence.
- Restrict to (সীমাবদ্ধ করা):** The entrance into this office is restricted to the strangers.
- Retire to (বিশ্রাম গ্রহণ করা):** I have retired to bed.
- Retire from (সেবার অবসর গ্রহণ করা):** He has retired from his service.
- Rob of (ছিনিয়ে নেওয়া):** The boy robbed me of my watch.
- Rich in (সমৃদ্ধ):** India is rich in the IT sector.

Revenge upon (প্রতিশোধ গ্রহণ করা): He will try to revenge upon you in the future.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### S

- Safe from (মুক্ত):** He is safe from all dangers.
- Satisfaction in (সন্তুষ্টি):** He feels satisfaction in the condition of his business.
- Search for (অনুসন্ধান করা):** Amit is searching for you for a long time.
- Secure from (নিরাপদ):** The house is secure from all hazards.
- Sensitive to (সংবেদনশীল):** He was sensitive to his problem.
- Seek for (খোঁজ করা):** I am seeking for a job.
- Sensible of (বোঝার ক্ষমতা):** We are sensible of our problems.
- Short of (অভাবগ্রস্ত):** I am short of money now.
- Sick of (বিরক্ত):** She was sick of idle life.
- Similar to (সদৃশ):** Ignorance is similar to darkness.
- Slave to (দাস):** Don't be a slave to your emotion.
- Smile at (হাসা):** Fortune smiled at him.
- Smile upon (প্রসন্ন হওয়া):** Fortune smiles upon the rich.
- Sneer at (ঠাট্টা করা):** We should not sneer at the poor.
- Stare at (তাকিয়ে থাকা):** He stared at the beautiful girl.
- Startle at (অবাক হওয়া):** I was startled at the natural beauty of Sylhet.
- Sorry for (দুঃখিত):** He was sorry for his misconduct.
- Subscribe to (দাতা হওয়া):** Everybody subscribes to the poor.
- Subordinate to (অধীন):** All the teachers are subordinate to the principal.
- Subject to (অধীনস্থ):** The order is subject to change.
- Submit to (লেখা জমা):** She submitted her report to the committee.
- Subversive of (পরিপন্থী):** He never takes part in any activity subversive of the state.
- Succeed to (উত্তরাধিকার হওয়া):** The boy succeeds to the profits of his father.
- Suitable for (উপযুক্ত):** This job is not suitable for this lady.
- Suited to (পরিস্থিতি):** His deed was suited to the situation.
- Sufficient for (যথেষ্ট):** This amount is not sufficient for buying a shirt.
- Sure of (নিশ্চিত):** I was sure of his success.
- Supply with (কোনো কিছু সরবরাহ করা):** They supplied me with a lot of food and drinks.
- Supply to (কাউকে কিছু সরবরাহ করা):** We supplied rich food to the guests.

**Suspicious of (সন্দেহজনক):** He is always suspicious of his movement.  
**Synonym for (সমার্থক শব্দ):** I don't find any synonym for this word.  
**Sympathy for (সহানুভূতি):** She does not have any sympathy for me.  
**Sympathize with (কারো প্রতি সহানুভূতিশীল হওয়া):** I find it very hard to sympathize with him.  
**Sink in (ডুবে থাকা):** He sank in deep thought.  
**Slow at (ধীরগতির):** He is slow at his office work.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### T

**Taste for (রুচি):** I find no taste for junk food.  
**Taste of (স্বাদ):** He has got the taste of the wine.  
**Think over (বিবেচনা করা):** I shall think over the problem.  
**Thankful for/to (কৃতজ্ঞ):** We should be thankful to our government.  
**Tired of (বিরক্ত):** I am tired of his behaviour.  
**Tired with (ক্লান্ত):** He was tired with hard work.  
**Trust in (বিশ্বাস করা):** We trust in the last day of judgement.  
**Trust with (বিশ্বাস করা):** He trusted me with his secret.  
**Trust to (নির্ভর করা):** He always trusts to me.  
**Touch at (অল্প সময়ের জন্য থামা):** The train touches at Feni.  
**Triumph over (জয়লাভ করা):** He triumphs over his enemy.  
**Treat with (আলোচনা করা):** The teacher always treats well with all the students.  
**True to (অটল):** He is always true to his word.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### U

**Unite with (একত হওয়া):** He did not unite with his brother.  
**Union with (মিলন):** The husband sought union with his wife.  
**Urge upon (জোরপূর্বক করা):** They urged upon the MD for staff loan.  
**Use of (প্রয়োগ):** There is no use of doing this.  
**Use for (প্রয়োজন):** There is not much use for slaves here.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### V

**Vary from (পৃথক হওয়া):** Argument varied from one member to another.

**Vain of (গর্বিত):** The boy is vain of his educated father.  
**Vest with (নির্ভর):** The work has been vested with the secretary.  
**Vest in (অধিকার):** The power has already been vested in the committee.  
**Versed in (দক্ষ):** Dr Kamal Hossain is versed in law.  
**Vexed with (বিরক্ত):** She is vexed with her shouting.  
**Vie with (প্রতিযোগিতা করা):** They vied with one another to get the job.  
**Victim to (অবস্থা):** He fell victim to the situation.  
**Victim of (পরিস্থিতি বা ক্ষতিগ্রস্ত):** He is victim of circumstances.  
**Vote for (ভোট দেওয়া):** He voted for Dr M.R. Khan.  
**Void of (শূন্য):** His statement is void of meaning.  
**Visit to (পরিদর্শন):** He went on a visit to the school.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### W

**Want of (ভাব):** I have no want of book now.  
**Warn against (কারো বিরুদ্ধে সতর্ক করা):** He warned me against the boys.  
**Wait for (অপেক্ষা করা):** I shall wait for you.  
**Wait on (পরিচর্যা করা):** He waited on the guest.  
**Well into (গভীর):** I was well into my writing.  
**Wish for (কামনা করা):** He always wishes for my success.  
**Wink at (দোষ না দেখা):** We should not wink at our children's fault.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### Y

**Yearn for (কোনো কিছু পাওয়ার জন্য প্রত্যাশা করা):** He yearned for the love of a mother.  
**Yield to (অধীন হওয়া):** At last he yielded to his emotion.

## Some More Appropriate Preposition

### Z

**Zeal for (উৎসাহ):** My father had a great zeal for education.  
**Zealous for (উৎসাহী):** We are zealous for freedom.